### The Great Wealth Transfer:

#### Building trust and relationships across generations

should not be distributed to, or relied upon by retail investors. For use by, and is directed only at persons resident in the UK y fall or rise and investors may get back less than they invested



This is directed at



#### Agenda

- Coming soon: The Great UK Wealth
   Transfer
- Legacy: A very difficult topic
- The role of the adviser



#### **Globally-built expertise in legacy and practice management**



#### Adviser partner

- >\$3 Trillion of assets through advisers
- Active on 3 continents



### Retirement provider

 ~5million DC retirement accounts



#### Advice provider

- >400k US advised clients
- >\$300bn AUM in the US

Our purpose: To take a **stand for all investors**, to **treat them fairly**, and to give them the **best chance for investment success** 



### Coming soon: The Great UK Wealth Transfer



#### Population and wealth by generations in the UK - 2020



#### A generational shift:

Over the next three decades,



in wealth will change hands

Vanguard

UK inheritances currently ~£100bn annually, rising each year

Source: Vanguard Analysis based on ONS 2020 Wealth and Assets Survey, and 2020 National and Subnational Mid-year Population Estimates for the UK, Demos: A new age of inheritance (January 2023)



### Generational wealth challenges: spanning borders and cultures

of wealthy families lose their wealth by the 2nd generation and 90% will lose it by the 3rd generation

Source: The Williams Group

## *"From shirtsleeves to shirtsleeves in three generations"*

Often attributed to the Scottish-born American industrialist and philanthropist Andrew Carnegie (1835–1919) but is not found in his writing.



*"From shirtsleeves to shirtsleeves in three generations"* 

"From clogs to clogs in three generations."

"From the stables to the stars to the stables."

"The first generation creates wealth, the second maintains it, the third studies history of art and the fourth degenerates."

"Third generation 'ruins the house."



"Wealth does not survive three generations."

Sources: Wiktionary.org, www.gutzitiert.de/

#### Vanguard

#### Inheritance is everywhere



#### Inheritance is everywhere

#### **Poor Legacy Planning:** A story by Guy Ritchie



#### Painting a picture of the UK landscape

| <b>10,000</b> wills disputed in the UK annually <sup>1</sup>   | <b>300,000</b> families apply<br>for probate each year. Process<br>takes more than 30 weeks <sup>2</sup>                                | <b>36%</b> of Gen Zers & <b>29%</b> of Millennials (26-41) say they're not focusing on saving for their retirement because they're expecting to inherit <sup>3</sup> |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| <b>13,000</b> failed<br>PETs in 2020-21 <sup>4</sup>   | More than <b>1m</b><br>LPAs registered in 2023 <sup>5</sup>   | 4 in 5 adults<br>do not have an LPA in place <sup>6</sup>  |  |
| While 60% of baby boomers intended to leave money to the next generation, only 17% had a formal plan in place <sup>7</sup> | <b>41%</b> of Gen X and Millennials found it "uncomfortable" to discuss inheritance and wealth transfer with their parents <sup>7</sup> | <b>37%</b> of wealthy individuals reported family conflict around inheritance <sup>8</sup>   |  |



Sources: <sup>1</sup> The Guardian 2024: estimates by specialist solicitors. <sup>2</sup> The Law Society 2023. <sup>3</sup> Standard Life 2023. <sup>4</sup> Freedom of Information Request to HMRC (from RBC Brewin Dolphin). <sup>5</sup> The Family Court. <sup>6</sup> Canada Life & Opinium 2022. <sup>7</sup> YouGov c2022. <sup>8</sup> Barclays 2011. Note: 'PET' refers to potentially exempt transfers. 'LPA' refers to 'lasting power of attorney'.

#### Painting a picture of the UK landscape

**36%** of Gen Zers & **29%** of Millennials (26-41) say they're not focusing on saving for their retirement because they're expecting to inherit<sup>1</sup>

While 60% of baby boomers intended to leave money to the next generation, only 17% had a formal plan in place<sup>2</sup>

#### Women and advice

#### Women are "Dual inheritors"

- Extra c2 years of Life expectancy on average<sup>1</sup>
- Women c2 years younger than spouse on average<sup>1</sup>

#### Later life care

 In the UK, women outnumber men 3:1 in nursing homes<sup>2</sup>



Life expectancy at age 60<sup>1</sup>

70%

Up to 70% of women will move away from the financial adviser after the death of their partner<sup>3</sup>

#### Vanguard

<sup>1</sup> ONS, data as at May 2024. Average age gap in opposite sex marriage is c2 years in the UK.
 <sup>2</sup> Dr Eliza Filby, Taking the Reins: Female Clients and the transfer of wealth (2021).
 <sup>3</sup> Sources: Pooneh Baghai, Olivia Howard, Lakshmi Prakash, and Jill Zucker, 2020.



#### **Children and advice**

Some leading reasons:



Lack of previous engagement



Mis-match in brand, generation, gender



?% of children would not consider retaining their parents' adviser after they receive an inheritance



#### **Children and advice**

Some leading reasons:



Lack of previous engagement



Mis-match in brand, generation, gender



87% of children would not consider retaining their parents' adviser after they receive an inheritance



#### Your practice: Consider some illustrative numbers

of children intend an inheritance



of women leave



Source: Pooneh Baghai, Olivia Howard, Lakshmi Prakash, and Jill Zucker, 2020. Women as the next wave of growth in US wealth management. McKinsey & Company, available at https://www.mckinsey.com/industries/financial-services/our-insights/women-as-the-next-wave-of-growth-in-us-wealth-management. Investment News, 2019. Only 13% of adult children would use parents' adviser: Cerulli. Available at https://www.investmentnews.com/only-13-of-adult-childrenwould-use-parents-adviser-cerulli-79471. The Williams Group.

#### Your practice: Consider some illustrative numbers



Estimated Baby Boomer and older proportion<sup>1</sup> Advisers unappointed by client's survivors

Proportion of existing client bank not retained



## Legacy: A very difficult topic



#### Why so difficult?



#### Why so difficult?



## Which of these are the most difficult?

#### **Cognitive decline is a real risk**



The lifetime risk of dementia is about 31% (37% for women, 24% for men)



Two out of three people can expect to experience cognitive impairment (both with and without dementia) in their lifetime.



The perceived cost of mistiming (from the investor's perspective) is estimated to be equivalent to 14% of net worth.



#### Anna Madamba, Ph.D.

- Cognitive decline is characterized by cognitive impairment with or without dementia. Estimates in the academic literature show that two out of three adults will experience cognitive decline, with about one in three suffering from its severe form, dementia. Our findings show that investors' estimates of their own cognitive decline risk are more in line with the risk for dementia than with the broader risk of cognitive decline.
- In our study, we assessed how investors would manage the possible onset of cognitive decline: who they would choose as agent to act on their behalf, any preparations they had made to mitigate this risk, and how they would handle the eventual transfer of financial control. We found that a family member, especially a child, was the main choice of agent in case of incapacity. In the absence of a child, other family members (such as siblings, nieces, or nephews) were often chosen, as were friends and institutions.
- Investors generally have some plans in place to address cognitive decline, such as having a power of attorney and a living will. But planning for more task-specific duties, such as identifying a person who will check mail or pay bills, prearranging care, and providing guidelines for the transfer of control of finances, is less common.
- In the event of cognitive decline, timing the transfer of control of finances correctly is key and can have significant implications for investor well-being. Our study measured the welfare cost of a mistimed transfer, which captures the value of being able to control when to hand over finances to an agent in case of cognitive decline. On average, we estimate that this cost is equivalent to 14% of net worth.

Acknowledgments: Thank you to Annette Bonner, Sophia Bunyaraksh, and Fu Tan for their support of the survey; to Kevin Wick, Andrew Yorgey, and Jacklin Youssel for planning consultation; and to the Vanguard Research Initiative (VRI) team of John Ameriks, Andrew Caplin, Minjoon Lee, Matthew Shapiro, and Christopher Tonetti for the joint academic research this paper is based on.

Vanguard Sources: Vanguard Research: The Risk of Cognitive Decline: Investors' perception and preparation, 2021, Anna Madamba, Ph.D.

## The role of the adviser



#### The Source of Advice Value



#### Vanguard's 4 Pillar Framework for Advisers' Value

1

#### **Financial value:**

advisers help investors to meet their financial goals and overcome obstacles and challenges along the way.

#### 2

#### **Portfolio value:**

building a well-diversified portfolio matched to the client's risk tolerance.

#### 3

#### **Emotional value:**

helping investors achieve financial wellbeing or peace of mind and instilling confidence in them.

#### 4

#### Time savings value:

performing tasks for your clients that they may not have the capacity or knowledge to undertake themselves.





#### **Communication and trust are crucial**

#### **Reasons family wealth is lost**





The components of trust

#### Human advice retains the advantage

Peace of mind added

Human-advised



#### Vanguard research February 2022 Quantifying the investor's view on the value of human and robo-advice

Vanguard

In this paper, we quantify how much investors value financial advice and where they believe advisors add value. Using a survey of more than 1,500 investors who reported having a human advisor, a digital service, or both, we found the following:

- Advice adds value across the board. Regardless of the method of delivery, investors believe advice provides higher incremental portfolio value than going it alone. The perceived value-add to annual performance was 5% for human advice and 3% for digital-only advice.
- The loyalty to human advisors is enduring. While more than 90% of human-advised clients say they would not consider switching to digital, 88% of robo-advised clients would consider switching to a human advisor in the future.
- Clients prefer emotional support from human advisors. Investors using human advisors estimate being \$160,000 closer to achieving their financial goals. Three times as many investors report having strong peace of mind when working with a human advisor as compared to going it alone.
- Digital advice also serves a role. Investors prefer digital advice for certain portfoliomanagement services such as diversification and tax optimization.
- The preference for advice delivery type is not dictated by client age or wealth. Across the board, clients suggest that human advisors should consider automating their portfolio management services, leveraging technology to scale their business while strengthening their uniquely human value.



Acknowledgments: We would like to thank Annette K. Bonner, Raja Das, Sam McCloy, Elizabeth Miller, and Maria Quinn for their survey development support



#### Two elements to succeed

We believe the key to success will be engagement and proposition development working hand in hand.

#### Engagement

#### Proposition



#### **1** Prepare and identify opportunities





Classify and segment client base





#### 1 Prepare and identify opportunities Know Your Client('s kids)

Median amount received in inheritances of the value of £1,000 or more



LJI Engagement C4BAND

#### **2** Engage primary clients

#### **Opportunity for the Conversation**









### 1 Hone your advice and service offers

**Needs: Accumulators vs Decumulators** 



#### Decumulation

#### **More Homogenous**

- Low fees
- Acceptable returns
- · Low effort and low touch

#### Source: Vanguard and Coredata collaboration 2024.

#### More Heterogenous

- Excellent Administration
- High interest and high trust
- Highly personalised

"Nastiest, hardest problem in finance"





#### -William F Sharpe

**Economist and Winner of 1990 Nobel Prize in Finance** 

### 1 Hone your advice and service offers

**Needs: Accumulators' Specific needs** 

#### **Accumulation**

Deeper Protection needs Borrowing Cashflow Planning (retirement focus) Servicing debt vs investing Dual generation dependence Educational expenses

Source: Vanguard and Coredata collaboration 2024.

Vanguard

"Nastiest, hardest problem in finance"





#### -William F Sharpe

**Economist and Winner of 1990 Nobel Prize in Finance** 

#### **2** Develop your business model

#### A Diverse and Multi-Generational Practice



Age Profile: UK Financial Planners







of Chartered Financial Planners are women



Sources: Nextwealth: Financial Advice Business Benchmarks 2023. Personal Finance Society data (survey of 7,578 chartered financial planners). In summary

#### ~£7 trillion UK wealth transfer over the next 3 decades

### UK inheritances currently ~£100bn annually, rising each year

- A threat for firms who do not adapt
- An opportunity for firms who take appropriate measures

We believe the key to success will be engagement and proposition development working hand in hand.





#### **Adviser call-to-action: first 3 Steps**



Examine your client bank and prioritise

We believe the key to success will be engagement and proposition development working hand in hand.



Plan how to position with your first client



Engage primary clients and get a "Yes"



### **Questions/Discussion Time**



### Appendix

#### Focus on the uniquely human problems



38

#### **Actionable Framework**

### **Engagement** Prepare and Identify opportunities

- 2 Engage primary clients
- 3 Bring the next generation into the conversation

# Proposition Hone your advice and service offers Develop your business model

**3** Embrace technology

#### Vanguard

1

#### Resources you can share with your clients



#### Couple preparedness

Vanguard

assessment

We've all heard a story of an acquaintance or friend who suddenly lost their partner. Along with the pain of loss, this can create chaos, trauma, and confusion for the remaining partner and perhaps other survivors. Have you considered whether you're prepared to manage your finances independently? While going through this exercise can be challenging. It's an essential step in your overall planning.

#### Why should you discuss "being prepared" as part of your wealth planning?

In an emergency, having a plan in place can help partners act quickly.

- If something unexpected happens, partners will know what steps they need to take and how to take them.
- Knowledge is power. When both partners in a couple have access to important information, it alleviates stress and anxiety.

#### Activity: How do I know if I'm prepared? The following assessment may help.

Step 1: Each partner should take this assessment independently and rate their level of agreement with each of the following statements.

|   | STRONGLY<br>DISAGREE |   | MODERATELY |   | STRONGLY<br>AGREE |  |
|---|----------------------|---|------------|---|-------------------|--|
| <ol> <li>I know and understand our approximate net worth.</li> </ol>  | 1                    | 2 | 3          | 4 | 5                 |  |
| <ol> <li>I know how to make payments for our living expenses<br/>and how to access our financial accounts.</li> </ol>   | 1                    | 2 | 3          | 4 | 5                 |  |
| <ol> <li>I know where all our important documentation<br/>is located so I can access information quickly.</li> </ol>  | 1                    | 2 | 3          | 4 | 5                 |  |
| <ol> <li>I understand what steps I need to take in our plan<br/>and the order in which to take them if an emergency<br/>occurs and my spouse or partner can't help me.</li> </ol> | 1                    | 2 | 3          | 4 | 5                 |  |
| <ol> <li>I know where our financial assets are located and<br/>which financial providers we use.</li> </ol>   | 1                    | 2 | 3          | 4 | 5                 |  |
| <ol> <li>I have relationships with our financial providers,<br/>so I feel comfortable calling them when needed.</li> </ol>  | 1                    | 2 | 3          | 4 | 5                 |  |
| <ol> <li>I understand the purpose and details of estate<br/>planning arrangements we have in place such as wills,<br/>trusts, powers of attorne</li> </ol>                        | 1                    | 2 | 3          | 4 | 5                 |  |



#### **2** Develop your business model

#### **Partnering and Specialisms**

#### **Traditional model**





#### **2** Develop your business model

**Partnering and Specialisms** 

**Specialism Model** 



#### **Investment risk**



The value of investments, and the income from them, may fall or rise and investors may get back less than they invested.

#### **Important information**

#### This document is directed at professional investors and should not be distributed to, or relied upon by retail investors.

This is designed for use by, and is directed only at persons resident in the UK.

The information contained herein is not to be regarded as an offer to buy or sell or the solicitation of any offer to buy or sell securities in any jurisdiction where such an offer or solicitation is against the law, or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation, or if the person making the offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so. The information does not constitute legal, tax, or investment advice. You must not, therefore, rely on it when making any investment decisions.

The information contained in this document is for educational purposes only and is not a recommendation or solicitation to buy or sell investments.

Issued by Vanguard Asset Management Limited, which is authorised and regulated in the UK by the Financial Conduct Authority.

© 2024 Vanguard Asset Management Limited. All rights reserved.